





# Keys to Safe and Secure Remote Work

1.  Secure remote connection
2.  Dual/Multi Factor Authentication (2FA)
3.  Is your email safe and secure?
4.  Backup, Backup, Backup

## 1. Secure remote connection

\*Objective: create a secure connection to your office computers without compromising productivity\*

- RDP - Remote Desktop Connection - allows you to 'take over' another computer – there are several ways to create an RDP connection: RDP Software, Logmein, Gotomypc, Splashtop, Teamviewer
- VPN - Virtual Private Network – creates a protected connection – this is the recommended way to establish an RDP

## 2. Dual/Multi Factor Authentication (2FA)

\*Objective: minimize your risk of compromise when accessing programs and information\*

Dual/Multi factor authentication is a security method in which a computer user is granted access only after successfully presenting two or more pieces of evidence to an authentication mechanism. Dual/Multi factor is recommended when accessing:

- Remote Desktop Connection
- Email
- Applications
- Websites

## 3. Is your email system safe and secure?

\*Objective: enhance the security of your email system by flagging and prohibiting suspect communication\*

- Does your email system prevent spam, phishing, spoofing?
- Do you have the ability to send & receive secure & encrypted emails? Sending secure email protects you and your client's or recipient's information.
- Common email mistakes:
  - Sending passwords through email
  - Sending credit card information through email
  - Sending confidential information and attachments
  - The average small business thinks they are not a target

**What can you do as a small business to minimize your risk?**

## Be educated on cyber threats!

### Spam/Junk Email

Spam is **45%** of all emails sent

Spam costs businesses a mind-blowing **\$20.5 billion** every year

Spam leads to:

- Revenue loss
- Decreased productivity
- Lost emails/Hacking



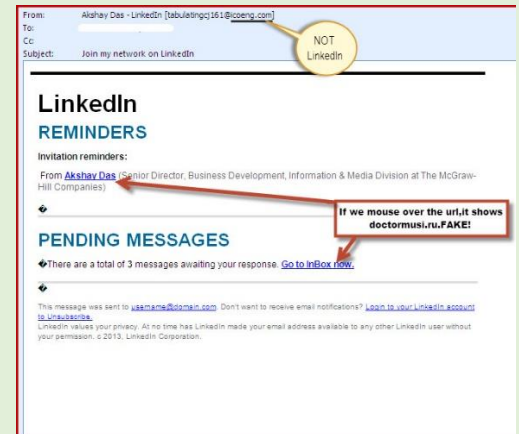
### What is Phishing?



**Phishing** is a cybercrime in which a target or targets are contacted by email, telephone or text message by someone posing as a legitimate institution to lure individuals into providing sensitive data such as personally identifiable information, banking and credit card details, and passwords.

### Spoofing

**Spoofing** is the act of disguising a communication from an unknown source as being from a known, trusted source.



## 4. Backup, Backup, Backup

\*Objective: have a plan in place to ensure your business can survive a hardware & software failure or ransomware attack\*

- Where is all of your data being stored?
- Is your email getting backed up?
- Is your cloud data getting backed up?
- What happens if your server crashes?
- Do you have a disaster recovery plan?

**For more information and recommended solutions,  
call Right Click Solutions.**

